Seismic Retrofitting Project: Assessment of Prototype Buildings

Volume 2

Research Report

Claudia Cancino and Sara Lardinois

In collaboration with Dina D'Ayala, Carina Fonseca Ferreira, Daniel Torrealva Dávila, Erika Vicente Meléndez, and Luis Villacorta Santamato

Los Angeles 2012





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The Getty Conservation Institute 1200 Getty Center Drive, Suite 700 Los Angeles, CA 90049-1684 United States Telephone 310 440-7325 Fax 310 440-7702 E-mail gciweb@getty.edu www.getty.edu/conservation

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Volume 2

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Survey Form Example

	Earthen Arch Structural Assessment Survey For	nitecture Initiative m – Seismic Retrofitting Pro	ject (SRP)
	Universidad Católica Sedes Sapientiae	BATH The C	Getty Conservation Institute
Original constru Date of survey:	ajamarca (Libertad) esquina con Call ction date: Period:	🗆 NA	Antietta Caledral de Ica
General data			
will require you Casona: Adobe Adobe Adobe Church: Adobe roofin	the primary material only. Later sections describing additional materials. e one story e two stories e and quincha, two or more stories e walls, quincha vault/dome g system e walls, wooden truss roofing	i. If yes, indicated	nent nildings (wall to wall): l in the floor plan location within the block: plock
Setting: □ Flat □ Slope	Occupancy: Unoccupied Occupied: # @ day: # @ night:	Shape in plan: Rectangular "C" Other/Mixed	□ Square □ "L"
-	for whole building = wall volume in	-	volume/plan volume
	Corresponding street:		
	.5-1.0% □1.0-1.5% □ 1.5-2.0%% □ Corresponding street:		-3.5% 🛛 3.5-5.0% 🗂 5.0%
□ < 0.5% □] 0.5-1.0% □ 1.0-1.5% □ 1.5-2.0%%	□2.0-2.5% □ 2.5-3.0%% □	3.0-3.5% 🛛 3.5-5.0% 🗆 5.0%
□ 1 st 1 □ On □ Sev # of H # of ro # of b □ Comm □ Muset □ Religio □ Office	ng/Residence: floor $\Box 2^{nd}$ floor% e housing unit (HU) veral housing units (HUs): Us: boms per HU: athrooms HU: nerce: $\Box 1^{st}$ floor $\Box 2^{nd}$ floor% um: $\Box 1^{st}$ floor $\Box 2^{nd}$ floor% cus: $\Box 1^{st}$ floor $\Box 2^{nd}$ floor% cus: $\Box 1^{st}$ floor $\Box 2^{nd}$ floor%	Social-economic charact Economic level of inhabita Very poor Poor Middle class Wealthy NA Ownership: Rent: Short term Long term Own by institution: State Community	ants: □ Church
	□ 1 st floor □ 2 nd floor <u>%</u>		-

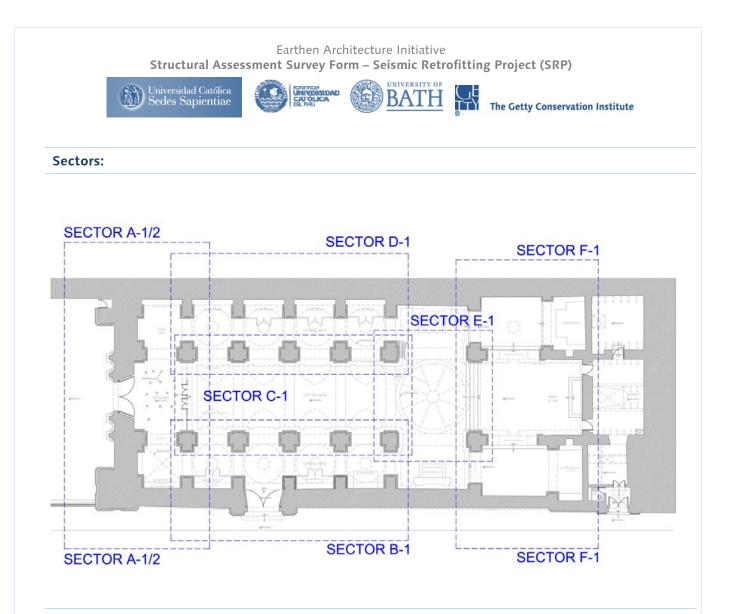
Structu	Iral Assessment Survey F		ofitting Project (SRP)
Universida Sedes Sa	d Católica pientiae	BATH	The Getty Conservation Institute
Description:			
General description:			
History of alteration	s: Please listed attached d	ocuments to the cu	rrent survey for:
1			
J			
5			
Soil configuration/ty	no!		
	pe soil analysis and identifica	tion, indicate as ref	erence:
·	,	•	
Maintenance:			
a. Existence of main	ntenance plan, if yes, by w	vho and how regula	r:
 b. Reports of previo Yes Describe: 	ous earthquake damage:		
□ No/ Non exi □ NA / Not fou			

Earthen Architecture Initiative Structural Assessment Survey Form – Seismic Retrofitting Project (SRP)
Universidad Católica Sedes Sapientiae
Quality of original workmanship:
Base on visual inspection, the quality of original workmanship in the following elements is considered:
Roof: Where the arches or roof structure properly constructed?
□ Yes □ No, describe:
□ NA / Non existent
Ceiling:
Where the beams and joists properly constructed?
□ No, describe:
NA / Non existent
Masonry: Where the fabric of the original masonry walls (adobe, quincha, tapial, etc.) properly laid out? Yes (when the staggering in half the length of the adobe) No, describe:
NA / Non existent
Foundations: Where the fabric of the foundations (<i>Cimentación, Sobrecimiento</i>) properly laid out?
 Yes (when the stone are regular and regularly staggered) No, describe:
NA / Non existent
Satellite image and/or footprint:

Ica Cathedral - GENERAL

Date of survey: / /

By: 🗆 AF / 🗆 SL / 🗆 CC / 🗆 LV / 🗆 DT / 🗆 EV / 🗆 DD A/ 💷 VN/ 🗆 CF



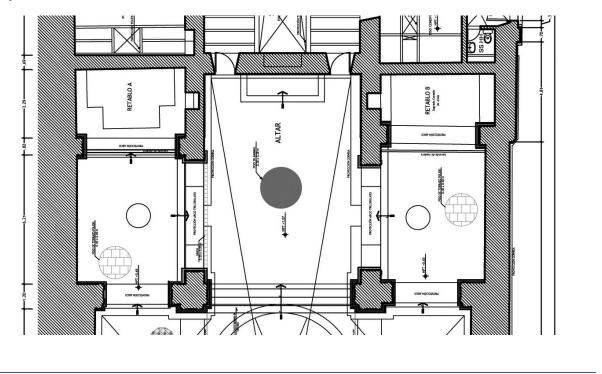
Criteria for sectors selection:

The survey team pre-divided the building in 6 different sectors, 6 sectors (A, B, C, D, E & F) on the first floor and 1 sector (A-2) over the *"Sotocoro"*, plus the final roof. The sectors were divided according to the following criteria: 1. Potential structural behavior during an earthquake.

- Structural and architectural composition.
 Construction materials and techniques.
- Time of construction. 4.
- Additions and/or interventions. 5.



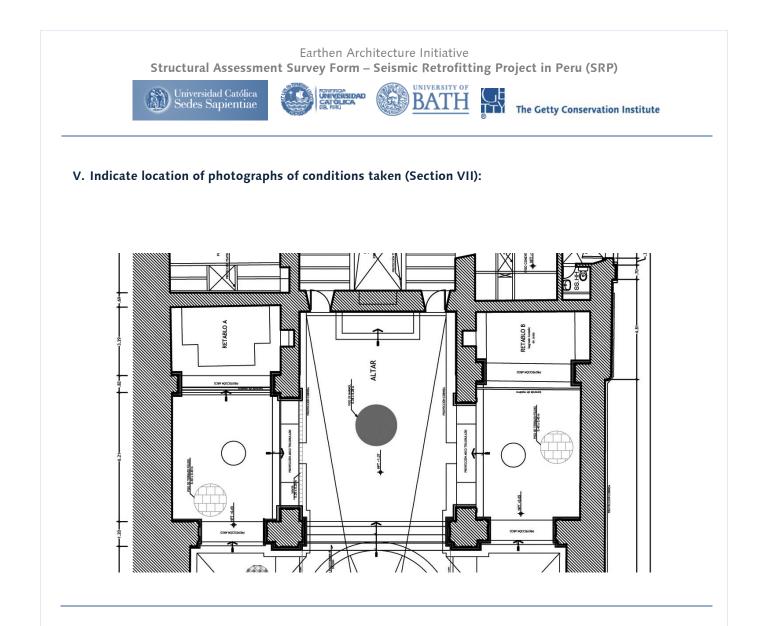
II. Floor plan of sector:





III.Sector cross sections, elevations or photos:

	The Getty Conservation Institute	
V.General seismic performance and vulnera	bility	
Shape of the building sector: □ Rectangular,	Average span between walls:	
□ Square,	X-Direction:	
□ "C", □ "L", □ Other/Mixed	Y-Direction:	
Wall density: Wall density per sector = wall area in the x or y	-direction/total area of the sector	
X-direction	Y-direction	
Corresponding street:	Corresponding street:	
\Box 0.5% \Box $0.5-1.0\%$ \Box $1.0-1.5\%$ \Box $1.5-2.0\%$ \Box $2.0-2.5\%$ \Box $2.5-3.0\%$ \Box $3.0-3.5\%$ \Box $3.5-5.0\%$ \Box $>5.0\%$	$\begin{array}{c ccccc} & & & & & & & 0.5-1.0\% \\ \hline & & & 1.0-1.5\% & & & 1.5-2.0\% \\ \hline & & & 2.0-2.5\% & & & 2.5-3.0\% \\ \hline & & & 3.0-3.5\% & & & 3.5-5.0\% \\ \hline & & & & >5.0\% \end{array}$	
Vertical load-bearing walls seem to be attached the foundation (first floor only): Yes No NA	Vertical load-bearing walls seem to be attached to the floors/roof structures (others and last floor): Yes No NA	
 a. General condition of building sector materia Yes No NA Describe: 	als is considered to be adequate:	
 b. Lack of repair of sector building elements d Yes No NA Describe: 	amaged by previous earthquakes:	





Гуре				
oundations				
Cimentación	Sub-type	Details	% of sub-type per sector	Condition
Mark here if system is assumed only	Natural	 Solid Rock Stiff soil Structure rock 	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □100%	Cohesive
Mark here if system is assumed only	□ Mad made: Stone	Rubble stone High:	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □100%	Cohesive
	" <i>cimentación"</i> fwith mud/lime mortar	Stone masonry High:	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □100%	Cohesive
Sobrecimiento	Sub-type	Details	% of sub-type per facade	Condition
Mark here if system is assumed only	□ <i>"Sobrecimiento"</i> with	Rubble stone High:	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □100%	Cohesive
	mud/lime mortar	Stone masonry High:	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □100%	Cohesive
Others	Sub-type		% of sub-type per facade	Condition
	Walls sitting on natural unmo	odified ground	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □100%	
.oad bearing mason Skip if roof sector) I	dentify locations of wall materials		Approx. # of walls of sub-	
	Sub-type	Details	type/total # of walls	Graphic at plan
Mark here if system is assumed only	Adobe masonry walls:	 With mud mortar (probably original) 	□ 1 = All walls □ 1/2 of walls □ 3/4 of walls □1/4 of walls	
assumed only	Dimensions: Mortar:	With mud mortar and insertions of bricks with cement mortar	$\Box 1 = All walls \Box 1/2 of walls \Box 3/4 of walls \Box 1/4 of walls$	<u>/////////////////////////////////////</u>
	□ Rammed earth walls		\Box 1 = All walls \Box 1/2 of walls \Box 3/4 of walls \Box 1/4 of walls	<u></u>
	□ Brick masonry walls	With cement mortarWith lime mortar	$\Box 1 = All walls \Box 1/2 of walls \Box 3/4 of walls \Box 1/4 of walls$	
	□ Stone masonry walls	□ With mud mortar	□ 1 = All walls □ 1/2 of walls □ 3/4 of walls □1/4 of walls	<u> </u>
		□ With lime/cement	\Box 1 = All walls \Box 1/2 of walls	+++++++++

mortar

 \Box 3/4 of walls \Box 1/4 of walls

		urthen Architecture Initiati		\ \
	Structural Assessment Surv Universidad Católica Sedes Sapientiae	Controlation Cantolation Cantolation Cantolation Cantolation Cantolation Cantolation Cantolation	The Getty Conservatio	
		With cane reed (part of original construction)	□ 1 = All walls □ 1/2 of walls □ 3/4 of walls □1/4 of walls	0 0
	Quincha walls with wooden frames	With adobe blocks infill	□ 1 = All walls □ 1/2 of walls □ 3/4 of walls □1/4 of walls	0//////0
		With brick infill	\Box 1 = All walls \Box 1/2 of walls \Box 3/4 of walls \Box 1/4 of walls	0 0
	ral reinforcements of wall materials on plan		•	
-	Sub-type	Details	Approx. # of walls of sub- type/total # of walls	Graphic at plan
	Reinforced masonry	Brick with embedded concrete columns	□ 1 = All walls □ 1/2 of walls □ 3/4 of walls □1/4 of walls	
	walls	Adobe blocks with embedded concrete columns	□ 1 = All walls □ 1/2 of walls □ 3/4 of walls □1/4 of walls	
	Concrete frame with	Brick	□ 1 = All walls □ 1/2 of walls □ 3/4 of walls □1/4 of walls	
	unreinforced masonry walls	□ Adobe	□ 1 = All walls □ 1/2 of walls □ 3/4 of walls □1/4 of walls	
			Location	Graphic at plan
		□ Iron/Steel bars	□ Across walls □ Inside walls	•
		□ Anchors	□ Top to roof □ Wall to wall	X
		Wooden keys		+
	Reinforcements	Isolated concrete beams	□ Longer walls □ Shorter walls □ Across the room □ Around the room	
		Wooden beams	□ Longer walls □ Shorter walls □ Across the room □ Around the room	
llaster Could be applica	ble also for roof sector) Identify locati	ons of plaster types on plan.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Sub-type	Details	% of sub-type on all walls per sector	Graphic at plan
		□ Painted	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □100%	
n walls	Mud/Lime plaster	□ Not-painted	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □100%	
∃ Yes ∃ No	Cement plaster		□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □100%	
	Painted surface only		□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □100%	
		□ Painted	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □100%	
oof	Mud/Lime plaster	□ Not-painted	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □100%	
∃ Yes ∃ No	Cement plaster		□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □100%	
	Painted surface only		□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □100%	

Cathedral of Ica – SECTOR #

Date of survey: / / By: DAF / DSL / DCC / DLV / DDT / DEV / DDA / DVN/ DCF

ire	oring p if roof sector or last floor) ection @ longer wall. # and di		Sub-turne	Details
	ction @ longer wan. # and un		Sub-type	Details
	Parallel; #: Indicate in plan: Dimensions: Structural elements: Space between them:	m.	With wooden beams and rafters	 Mud plaster or not + wooden structure + mud cover + wooden floors Mud plaster or not + wooden structure + cement cover + other type of floor
	Perpendicular, #: Indicate in plan: Dimensions: Structural elements: Space between them:	_ m.	With concrete beams and rafters	 Mud plaster or not + wooden structure + mud cover + wooden floors Mud plaster or not + wooden structure + cement cover + other type of floor
Ro	ofing			
			Sub-type	Details
_				□ Wood rafters, tie beam, collar beam, wall plate, mud plaster, cane, mud cover and straw.
	Parallel; #: Indicate in plan:	_	-	□ Wood rafters, tie beam, collar beam, wall plate,
				mud plaster, cane, mud cover and tiles. □ Wood rafters, tie beam, collar beam, wall plate,
			□ Par y Nudillo	cane, mud cover and tiles.
	Dimensions:			□ Wood rafters, tie beam, collar beam, wall plate, cane and tiles.
	Structural elements:			□ Wood rafters, tie beam, collar beam, wall plate,
	Space between them:	_ m.		cane, cement cover and tiles.
7	Perpendicular, #:		□ Concrete structure	
-	Indicate in plan:		□ Quincha vault/dome:	U With cane planks laid across wooden arches and
	·		Wooden frame, ribs and arches	mud mortar With cane planks laid across wooden arches and
				cement mortar With mud plaster, wooden beams and joists, and
	Dimensions: Structural elements:	m		mud cover.
	structural elements		🗆 Flat	□ With wooden beams and joists, and mud cover
	Space between them:			With mud plaster, wooden beams and joists, and cement cover.
	Space between them:			cement cover.

Structural Assessme	Earthen Archite ent Survey Form – Se	cture Initiative ismic Retrofitting Proj	ect in Peru (SRP)
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VII. Conditions impacting seismi	c performance of sec	:tor:	
General impression:		🗆 Stable 🛛	Instable
Adobe/Quincha walls			
Conditions:	In relation to the longer wall	Location	Graphic at plan
Total wall collapse	□ Yes □ No	 ☐ All walls ☐ ½ of walls ☐ 3/4 of walls ☐ 1/4 of walls 	
Partial wall collapse (no consider plaster)	□ Yes □No	 At the center At the corners Upper section 	
Settlement of walls:	□Yes □No	□ Center □ Edges	
Corner damage: (The "V" thing, incipient corner collapse)	□ Yes □ No	□ All height □ Upper	
Out of plane displacement: Yes No	□Inward □Outward □Bowing	□ Lower □ Upper □ Middle	
	□ Horizontal	□ Lower □ Upper □ Center	
	□ Vertical	 Lower Upper Center Coming out of openings At corners 	
Structural cracking: Yes No	□ Flexural	Wall to wallWall to mid- wall	
	Diagonal	 Top to bottom Top to mid- height Bottom to mid- height 	×
	□ X-Shaped	 Top to bottom Top to mid- height Bottom to mid- height 	
Cathedral of Ica – SECTOR #	Date of survey: /	/ By: DAF / DSI / DC	c / DLV / DDT / DEV / DDDA / DVN/ D

	Earthen Architect ent Survey Form – Seis		ject in Peru (SRP)
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Conditions:	Details	Graphic at plan	% of sub-type on all walls per sector
Plaster loss: □ Yes □ No	□ Center □ Corners □ Lower □ Upper		□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% of walls show plaster detachment
Detachment of plasters: Yes No	□ Center□ Corners□ Lower□ Upper		□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% of walls show plaster loss
Beetle damage (Round isolated holes): No Yes With: Disaggregation	□ Center □ Corners □ Lower □ Upper		□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% of walls show beetle damage
Erosion: Yes No	□ Upper □ Center □ Lowers □ At corners Average depth of loss: □ <0.01 □ 0.01-0.05 □ > 0.05		□<25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% of the facade show erosion
Moisture damage: No Yes With: Detachment Blistering Disaggregation Erosion Discoloration Rising damp Mold Vegetation	□ Center □ Corners □ Top □ Bottom		□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% of walls show moisture damage
Presence of vegetation: Yes No	☐ Center☐ Corners☐ Top☐ Bottom		□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% of walls has vegetation
Cathedral of Ica – SECTOR #	Date of survey: / /	′ By: □AF / □SL / □•	cc / @lv / @dt / @ev / @dda / @vn/ @c

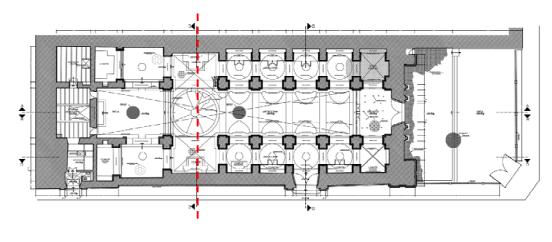
Universidad Católica Sedes Sapientiae			
- vage States Sapientiae	DEL PEND		The Getty Conservation Institute
ooden beams, rafters, quincha fr	ames:		
eformation: No	Floors		
Yes	□Joists (" <i>viguetas"</i>)	□ Center□ At intersection	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show deformation
	□Beams (<i>"vigas")</i>	□ Center □ At connections	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show deformation
	Roof		
	□Rafters (<i>"pares")</i>	CenterAt the edges	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show deformation
	□ Purlins	CenterAt the edges	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show deformation
	□ Ridge purlins (<i>"Cumbrera"</i>)	CenterAt the edges	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show deformation
	□ Collar beam (<i>"Nudillos"</i>)	CenterAt the edges	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show deformation
	□Arches/Ribs	CenterAt the edges	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show deformation
	Quincha frames		
	□Vertical posts □Diagonal posts	CenterAt the edges	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show deformation
otting:	Floors		
No Yes	□Joists (" <i>viguetas"</i>)	□ Center□ At intersection	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show rotting
	□Beams (<i>"vigas")</i>	□ Center□ At connections	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show rotting
	Roof		
	□Rafters (<i>"pares")</i>	CenterAt the edges	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show rotting
	□ Purlins	CenterAt the edges	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show rotting
	□ Ridge purlins (<i>"Cumbrera"</i>)	CenterAt the edges	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show rotting

Structural Assessme	Earthen Architect ent Survey Form – Seis		ject in Peru (SRP)
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	□ Collar beam (<i>"Nudillos"</i>)	□ Center□ At the edges	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show rotting
	□Arches/Ribs	□ Center □ At the edges	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show rotting
	Quincha frames		
	□Vertical posts □Diagonal posts	□ Center□ At the edges	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show rotting
Termite damage:	Floors		
□ No □ Yes 	□Joists (" <i>viguetas"</i>)	□ Center □ At intersection	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show termite damage
	□Beams (<i>"vigas")</i>	□ Center □ At connections	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show termite damage
	Roof		
	□Rafters (<i>"pares")</i>	□ Center□ At the edges	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show termite damage
	Purlins	□ Center □ At the edges	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show termite damage
	□ Ridge purlins (<i>"Cumbrera"</i>)	□ Center □ At the edges	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show termite damage
	□ Collar beam (<i>"Nudillos"</i>)	□ Center □ At the edges	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show termite damage
	□Arches/Ribs	□ Center □ At the edges	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show termite damage
	Quincha frames		
	□Vertical posts □Diagonal posts	□ Center □ At intersection	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show termite damage
	Adobe masonry - (Us	ually located at the b	ottom of the façade)
	□ Yes □ No	□ All façade□ Corners□ Center	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show termite damage
Connections			
Corrosion on metal anchors/nails:	□Anchors	□ Top of walls □ Bottom	
Yes	□Bars	□ Middle/Center□ At the edges	
Cathedral of Ica – SECTOR #	Date of survey: / /	By: DAF / DSL / D	cc / 🗆 LV / 🗆 DT / 🗆 EV / 🗆 DDA / 🗆 VN/ 🗆

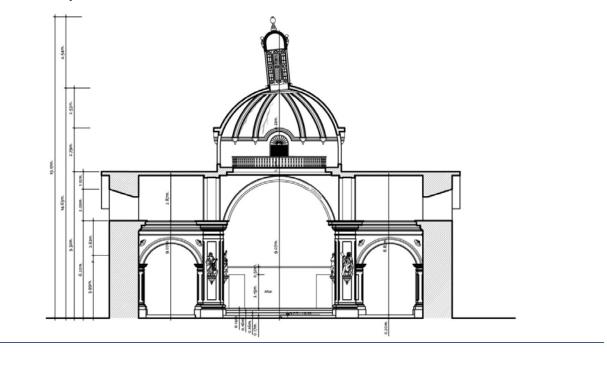
Structural Assessme	Earthen Architec ent Survey Form – Seis		oject in Peru (SRP)
Universidad Católica Sedes Sapientiae		BATH	The Getty Conservation Institute
Failure/Disconnections:	Wall to wall: □Edge connection □Internal T connection	□ All height □ Upper □ Lower	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show failure
	□Lintels	□ Center□ At the edges	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show failure
	□Floor/Wall connections	□ Center □ At the edges	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show failure
	□Roof/Top of the wall connections	□ Center□ At the edges	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show failure



I. Location of facade (square) or cross section (line) in the building:

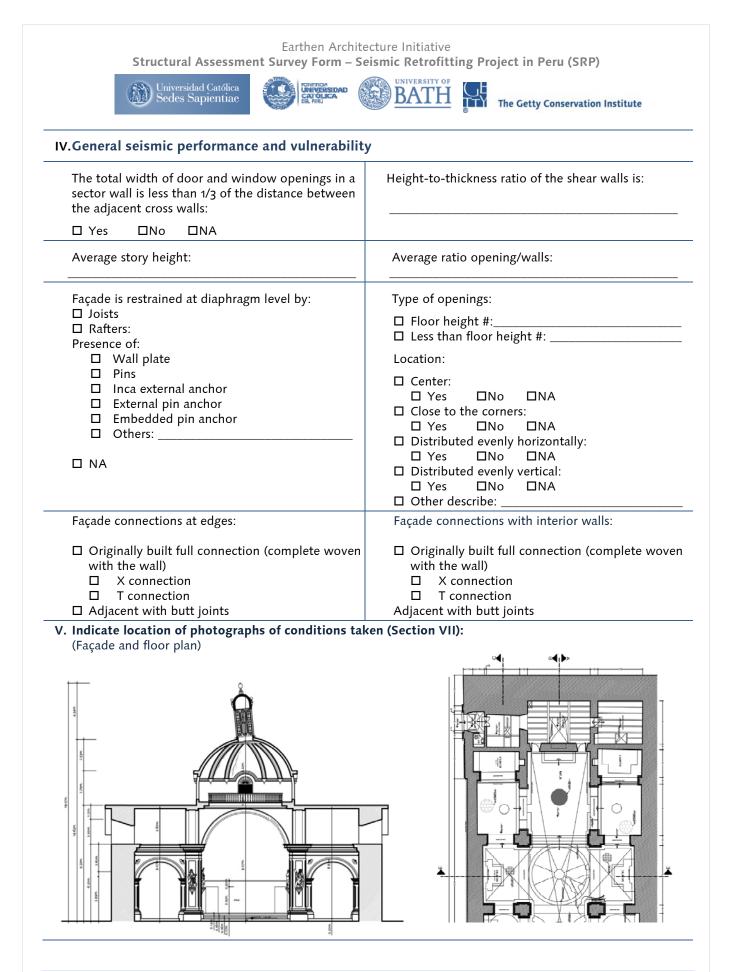


II. Elevation of façade or cross section:





III.Facade photos or sketches:



Cathedral of Ica – FAÇADE/CROSS SECTION Date of survey: / / By: □AF / □SL / □CC / □LV / □DT / □EV / □DDA / □CF / □VN

by. LAT / LSL / LCC / LLV / LDT / LEV /



VI. Description of structural system facade: _____

Туре					
Foundations					
Cimentación	Sub-type	Details	% of sub-	type per facade	Condition
Mark here if system is assumed only	□ Natural	Solid RoclStiff soilStructure	□ <25% □ 50-75%	□ 25-50% □ 75-100% □100%	Cohesive
	□ Man made: Sto			□ 25-50% □ 75-100% □100%	Cohesive
	<i>"cimentación"</i> (mud/lime mort			□ 25-50% □ 75-100% □100%	Cohesive
Sobrecimiento	Sub-type	Details	% of sub-	type per facade	Condition
Mark here if system is assumed only	"Sobrecimienta	□ Rubble st		□ 25-50% □ 75-100% □100%	Cohesive
	mud/lime mortar			□ 25-50% □ 75-100% □100%	Cohesive
Others	Sub-type	Details	% of sub-	type per facade	Condition
	Walls sitting on natural unmodified ground				
	□ Walls sitting on	natural unmodified ground		□ 25-50% □ 75-100% □100%	
Load bearing masonry		natural unmodified ground			
Load bearing masonry		natural unmodified ground Details	□ 50-75%		Graphic at plan
Load bearing masonry	/quincha facades	-	Location v I mortar	□ 75-100% □100%	Graphic at plan
Load bearing masonry	/quincha facades	Details With muc (probably walls With muc insertions	Location v I mortar I First floo original) Second a I mortar and I First floo	□ 75-100% □100% vithin the facade r and third floor	Graphic at plan
Load bearing masonry	/quincha facades Sub-type	Details	d mortar original) d mortar and of bricks ent mortar First floo	□ 75-100% □100% within the facade r and third floor r and third floor	Graphic at plan
Load bearing masonry	/quincha facades Sub-type	Details Image: With muck (probably) walls Image: With muck (probably) Image: With (probably) Imag	Location v Location v I mortar Griginal) Second a I mortar and of bricks Second a I mortar Compared for the second a Second a Second a Second a First floo Second a First floo	□ 75-100% □100% vithin the facade r and third floor r and third floor r and third floor	Graphic at plan
Load bearing masonry	/quincha facades Sub-type	Details With muc (probably walls With muc insertions with ceme walls With muc insertions with ceme walls With ceme walls With ceme	d mortar original) I mortar and of bricks ent mortar ent mortar I mortar and of bricks I First floo Second a First floo Second a First floo First floo	□ 75-100% □100% within the facade r and third floor r and third floor r and third floor r and third floor	Graphic at plan
Load bearing masonry	<pre>/quincha facades Sub-type Adobe masonry Rammed earth</pre>	Details With muc (probably walls With muc insertions with ceme walls With muc insertions with ceme walls With ceme walls With ceme	d mortar original) d mortar and of bricks ent mortar ent mortar d mortar	□ 75-100% □100% vithin the facade r and third floor r and third floor r and third floor r and third floor r and third floor r and third floor	Graphic at plan Control Control Con

Cathedral of Ica – **FAÇADE/CROSS SECTION** Date of survey: / / By: □AF / □SL / □CC / □LV / □DT / □EV / □DDA / □CF / □VN

(Universidad Católica Sedes Sapientiae	UNIVERSIDAD CATOLICA DEL FREIJ		nservation Institute	
		With cane reed and cement plaster	□ First floor □ Second and third fl	oor	
		With adobe blocks infill and mud plaster	□ First floor □ Second and third fl	oor	
		With adobe/brick infill and cement plaster	□ First floor □ Second and third fl	oor	
	Reinforced masonry	Bricks with embedded concrete columns	□ First floor □ Second and third fl	oor EEEE	
	walls	Adobe blocks with embedded concrete	□ First floor □ Second and third fl	oor	
	□ Concrete frame with	Brick	□ First floor □ Second and third fl	oor	
	unreinforced masonry walls	□ Adobe	□ First floor □ Second and third fl	oor	
laster	Sub-type	Details	% of sub-type on the	facade Graphic at plan	
		Painted	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100%	Π 100 ⁰	
] Yes	Mud/Lime plaster	□ Not-painted	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 25-50%	\sim	
] No	Cement plaster		□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100%	0 🗆 1000%	
	Painted surface only		□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100%	0 🗆 100%	
alconies	Sub-type	Details	Structural descript	ion Graphic at plar	
] Yes	Jetty (enclosed)	 Across entire façade Part of the façade #: Corner 	□ Stone flooring □ Wooden flooring		
] No	Open	 Across entire façade Part of the façade #: Corner 	□ Stone flooring □ Wooden flooring		
uttresses	Sub-type and # per sector	Condition		Graphic at plan	
		Masonry fabric:	D Poor		
	□ Adobe:	 Originally built full conn woven with the wall) 	ection (complete		
	#:	□ Adjacent with butt joint	S	\square	
∃ Yes ∃ No		□ Later addition, superfici	al connection		
		Masonry fabric: □ Good □ Fair	D Poor		
	Adobe and brick/stone: #:	Originally built full conn woven with the wall)	-	IN BLUE	
		Adjacent with butt joint		_	

	Structural Assessment Survey	hen Architecture Initiativ Form – Seismic Retrofi INIVERSITY INIVERSITY INIVERSITY INIVERSITY	tting Project in P	Peru (SRP) Conservation Institute
	Brick:	Masonry fabric: Good Fair Originally built full conner woven with the wall)	□ Poor ection (complete	IN BLACK
		 Adjacent with butt joints Later addition, superficia 		
Porticos				
	Location (a) other walls	Details	Numbers	
□ None	Across part of the facade	□ Brick/Stone□ Wood	#:	
	□ Across half of the facade	□ Brick/Stone□ Wood	#:	
	□ Across all facade	□ Brick/Stone□ Wood	#:	
	Length of portico vs. length of	façade:		

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(M) Sedes Sapientiae	CATOLICA BEL RED	BATH R.	he Getty Conservation Institute
VII. Conditions impacting seismi General impression:	c performance of fac	ade: □ Stable □ Ins	table
Adobe/Quincha walls			tubic
Conditions:	Details	Location	Graphic at facade
Total collapse: □ Yes □ No		 □ All floors □ Third floor □ Second floor □ First floor 	
Partial collapse (no consider plaster): □ Yes □ No	 ☐ All facade ☐ ½ of facade ☐ 3/4 of facade ☐ 1/4 of facade 	 Third floor Second floor First floor At corners 	
Settlement of facade:) Yes No		□ Center □ Edges	
Corner damage: (The "V" thing) □ Yes □ No		□ All height □ Upper	
Out of plane displacement: Yes No	□ Inward □ Outward □ Bowing	□ Lower□ Upper□ Middle□ At corners	
	□Horizontal Average width:	□ Lower □ Upper □ Center	
Structural cracking:		 At the piers (between opening and end of the façade) At the spandrel From the opening 	
□ Yes □ No	□Vertical: Average width:	□ Lower □ Upper □ Center	
		 At the piers (between opening and end of the façade) At the spandrel From the opening At corners 	

Universidad Católica Sedes Sapientiae	UNIVERSIDAD CATOLICA CATOLICA	BATH R	The Getty Conservation Institute
	□Flexural		
		□ Wall to wall □ Wall to mid-wa	
	Diagonal	 Top to bottom Top to mid-heig Bottom to mid-height 	
		 At the piers (between openi and end of the façade) At the spandrel 	ngs
	□ X-shaped	 Top to bottom Top to mid-heig Bottom to mid-height 	
		 At the piers (between openi and end of the façade) At the spandrel 	ngs
Plaster loss: □ Yes □ No	 □ Center □ Corners □ Lower □ Upper □ Everywhere 		□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% of facade show plaster detachment
Detachment of plasters: □ Yes □ No	 Center Corners Lower Upper Everywhere 		□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% of facade show plaster loss
Erosion: □ Yes □ No	□ Upper □ Center □ Lowers □ At corners Average depth of loss: □ <0.01 □ 0.01-0.05 □ > 0.05		□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% of the facade show erosion

Erosion Bottom damage Discoloration Rising damp Mold Vegetation Vegetation Center Corners 50-75% Yes Top No Bottom Wooden beams, rafters, quincha frames: Deformation: Wall plate Yes So-75% Deformation: Wall plate Yes So-75% Deformation: Wall plate Yes So-75% Deformation: So-75% Yes So-75%	Structural Assessmer	Earthen Architect 1t Survey Form – Seis		ect in Peru (SRP)
(Round isolated holes): Center <25%		Controlation Contr	BATH I	The Getty Conservation Institute
No Yes With: Detachment Blistering Corners Disaggregation Erosion Discoloration Rising damp Mold Vegetation Yes Presence of vegetation: Yes Yes No Wooden beams, rafters, quincha frames: Deformation: No No Wall plate Wall plate Center Center Corners Top Bottom	(Round isolated holes): □ No □ Yes With:	CornersLower		□ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% of walls show beetle
Presence of vegetation: □ Corners □ <25%	 No Yes With: Detachment Blistering Disaggregation Erosion Discoloration Rising damp Mold 	□ Corners □ Top		□ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% of walls show moisture
Deformation:□ Center□ <25%□ 25-50%□ No□ Wall plate□ At intersection□ 50-75%□ 75-100%□ Yes□ 100% show deformation	□ Yes	□ Corners □ Top		
□No□□Center□50-75%□75-100%□Yes□At intersection□100% show deformation	Wooden beams, rafters, quincha frar	nes:		
	□ No	□Wall plate		□ 50-75% □ 75-100%
□ Center □ 25-50% □ At connections □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show deformation		□Wooden lintels		□ 50-75% □ 75-100%
□Rafters (" <i>Pares</i> ") □ Center □ <25% □ 25-50% Location: □ At the edges □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show deformation				□ 50-75% □ 75-100%
□Joists (" <i>viguetas</i> ") □ Center □ <25% □ 25-50% Location: □ At the edges □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show deformation	-			□ 50-75% □ 75-100%
□ Arches/Ribs □ Center □ <25% □ 25-50% □ At the support □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show deformation	-	□Arches/Ribs		□ 50-75% □ 75-100%
Quincha		Quincha		
□Vertical posts □ Center □ <25% □ 25-50% □Diagonal posts □ At intersection □ 100% show deformation				□ 50-75% □ 75-100%
Balconies		Balconies		
Drop of support At the edges At the center Conversion of support Drop of Sup	-	Drop of support		□ 50-75% □ 75-100%

Structural Assessme	Earthen Architect ent Survey Form – Seis		ject in Peru (SRP)
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	Floor deformation	□ At the edges□ At the center	□<25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% 100% of balconies show floor deformation
Rotting: DNO Yes	□Wall plate	□ Center □ At intersection	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show rotting
	□Wooden lintels	□ Center □ At connections	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show rotting
	□Rafters (" <i>Pares</i> ") Location:	CenterAt the edges	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show rotting
	□Joists (" <i>viguetas</i> ") Location:	CenterAt the edges	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show rotting
	□Arches/Ribs	□ Center □ At the support	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show rotting
	Quincha		
	□Vertical posts □Diagonal posts	□ Center□ At intersection	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show rotting
Termite damage (Evidence of cermites wings, frass): □ No □ Yes	□Wall plate	☐ Center☐ At intersection	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show termite damage
	□Wooden lintels	□ Center □ At connections	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show termite damage
	Quincha frames		
	□Vertical posts □Diagonal posts	□ Center □ At intersection	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show termite damage
	Adobe masonry - (Us	ually located at the b	oottom of the façade)
	□ Yes □ No	□ All façade □ Corners □ Center	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show termite damage
Connections			
Corrosion on metal anchors/nails): No Yes <u>Geograp</u>	□Anchors	□ Top of walls□ Bottom	
	□Bars	□ Center □ At the edges	
Failure/Disconnections: □ No □ Yes	□" <i>Cimentacion</i> "	CenterAt the edges	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show failure
Cathedral of Ica – FAÇADE/CROSS SECTION	Date of survey: / /	By: 🗆 AF / 🗆 SL / 🗆 CC /	□LV / □DT / □EV / □DDA / □CF / □VM

Earthen Architecture Initiative Structural Assessment Survey Form – Seismic Retrofitting Project in Peru (SRP)





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□ "Sobrecimiento"	□ Center□ At the edges	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show failure
Wall to wall: □Edge connection □Internal T connection	□ All height □ Upper □ Lower	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show failure
□Buttresses	□ All height □ Upper □ Lower	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show failure
□ Wall plate	 Partial All length of facade 	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show failure
□Lintels	□ Center □ At the edges	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show failure
□Floor/Façade connections	□ Center□ At the edges	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show failure
□Roof/Top of the facade connections	□ Center□ At the edges	□ <25% □ 25-50% □ 50-75% □ 75-100% □ 100% show failure

